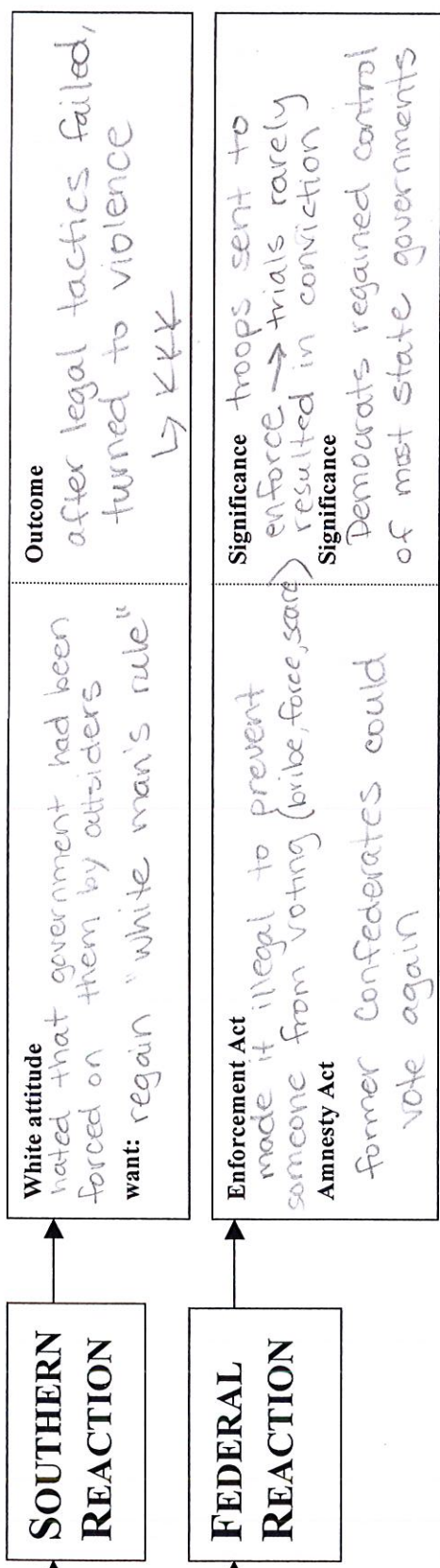


RECONSTRUCTION END OF



SOUTHERN REACTION

White attitude
hated that government had been forced on them by outsiders
want: regain "white man's rule"

Outcome
after legal tactics failed, turned to violence
↳ KKK

FEDERAL REACTION

Enforcement Act
made it illegal to prevent someone from voting (bribe, force, scare)
Amnesty Act
former Confederates could vote again

Significance
troops sent to enforce → trials rarely resulted in conviction
Significance
Democrats regained control of most state governments

Southern Democrats Regain Control After the Election of 1876 and the Compromise of 1877:

- (Hayes - Republican) withdraw troops from South
- (Southern Democrats) allowed Hayes (R) to be President

Education

• spending cuts

• most public schools closed or required fees for entry

• 1880s < 1/2 Black children in South attended school

Voting Rights

poll tax - fee to vote; made voting a luxury for the wealthy (excluded freedmen)

litteracy test - used to prevent Black people from voting
K/C test relied on cultural knowledge, not reading

How did poor, ignorant whites get to vote?
grandfather clause - taxes and tests did not apply to any person whose father or grandfather could vote

Segregation

Jim Crow laws
drew a "color line" using legal segregation

Plessy vs. Ferguson
"separate but equal" facilities are okay

migration
• some freedpeople went to Africa
• many moved out of South

vote on Jan 1, 1867 before 15th Amendment was ratified